## **Amendments to the Claims**

	1. (Currently Amended) A method of dynamically controlling the					
2	rate of communication between two entities, the method comprising:					
	if a maximum bandwidth of a relay element situated between a first entity and a					
4	second entity has not been allocated, identifying an available bandwidth of said relay					
	element by:					
6	(a) receiving one or more communications on one or more channels					
	other than a first channel between the first entity and the second entity;					
8 (b) allocating a portion of the maximum bandwidth of said re						
	element to said other channels;					
10	(c) repeating said steps (a) - (b) for a predetermined period of time;					
	(d) summing said bandwidths allocated to said other channels to					
12	determine a total allocated bandwidth; and					
	(e) determining a difference between the maximum bandwidth and					
14	said total allocated bandwidth;					
	receiving an electronic communication on said first channel at said relay element					
16	communication, for a first channel between a first entity and a second entity, at a relay					
	element situated between the first entity and the second entity;					
18	retrieving from said communication a modifiable first value associated with a first					
	target bandwidth for said first channel;					
20	retrieving from said communication a fixed second value associated with a					
	desired bandwidth for said first channel, wherein the desired bandwidth is never less than					
22	said first target bandwidth;					
	determining whether said relay element can provide said first target bandwidth for					
24	said first channel; and					
	modifying said first value in said communication to a value associated with a					
26	5					
	bandwidth exceeds said available bandwidth for said channel.					

The method of claim 1, further comprising:

(Original)

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- 2 forwarding said communication;
- wherein said first value in said forwarded communication indicates a bandwidth
- 4 allocated to said first channel by said relay element.
  - 3. Cancelled
  - 4. Cancelled
  - 5. Cancelled
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said modifying comprises changing said first value to a value associated with zero bandwidth.
  - 7. Cancelled
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said first value is a time value representing a time between communication transmissions from the first entity to the second entity on said first channel.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said electronic 2 communication is a packet.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein said relay element is a switch and wherein said first entity and said second entity are computer systems.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein one of said first entity and 2 said second entity is a computer system; and
- wherein the other of said first entity and said second entity is an input/output subsystem.
  - 12. (Currently Amended) A computer readable storage medium

2	storing instructions that, when executed by a computer, cause the computer to perform a				
	method of dynamically controlling the rate of communication between two entities, the				
4	method comprising:				
	if a maximum bandwidth of a relay element situated between a first entity and a				
6 second entity has not been allocated, identifying an available bandwidth of said re					
	element by:				
8	(a) receiving one or more communications on one or more channels				
	other than a first channel between the first entity and the second entity;				
10	(b) allocating a portion of the maximum bandwidth of said relay				
	element to said other channels;				
12	(c) repeating said steps (a) - (b) for a predetermined period of time;				
	(d) summing said bandwidths allocated to said other channels to				
14 <u>determine a total allocated bandwidth; and</u>					
	(e) determining a difference between the maximum bandwidth and				
16	said total allocated bandwidth;				
	receiving an electronic communication on said first channel at said relay element				
18 communication, for a first channel between a first entity and a second entity, at a re					
	element situated between the first entity and the second entity;				
20 retrieving from said communication a modifiable first value associated					
	target bandwidth for said first channel;				
22	retrieving from said communication a fixed second value associated with a				
	desired bandwidth for said first channel, wherein the desired bandwidth is never less than				
said first target bandwidth;					
	determining whether said relay element can provide said first target bandwidth for				
26	said first channel; and				
	modifying said first value in said communication to a value associated with a				
28	decreased first target bandwidth if said relay element cannot provide said first target				

13. (Previously Presented) A method of dynamically controlling the 2 rate of communication between two entities, comprising:

bandwidth exceeds said available bandwidth for said channel.

	generating at a first entity a first electronic communication for transmission to a					
4	second entity over a first communication channel, wherein said first communication					
includes a first value indicating a target rate of communication for said channel;						
6	receiving said first communication at a switching element;					
determining whether a maximum rate of communication of said switching						
8	element has been allocated;					
	if said maximum rate has not been allocated, identifying an available rate of					
10	communication of said switching element by:					
	(a) receiving a communication prior to said first communication at					
12	said switching element, on a channel other than said first channel;					
	(b) allocating a portion of the maximum rate of communication of said					
14	switching element to said other channel;					
	(c) repeating said steps (a) - (b) for a predetermined period of time;					
16	(d) summing said rates of communication allocated to said other					
channels to determine a total allocated rate of communication; and						
18	(e) determining the difference between the maximum rate of					
	communication and said total allocated rate of communication;					
20	if said switching element cannot provide said target rate of communication,					
	altering said first value to indicate a lower target rate of communication for said first					
22	channel;					
	receiving said first communication at said second entity; and					

receiving said first communication at said second entity; and communicating said first value to said first entity.

- 14. (Original) The method of claim 13, further comprising determining
   whether said switching element previously allocated a rate of communication to said first channel.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 13, further comprising after said 2 communicating:

transmitting one or more communications from said first entity toward said second entity at said lower target rate of communication.

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- 16. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said generating comprises storing said first value in said first communication prior to transmitting it over said first channel.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein said generating further
  comprises storing a second value in said first communication; and
  wherein said second value indicates a requested rate of communication for said
  channel.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein said first value is equal to 2 said second value.
- 19. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 17, wherein one or more of said first value and said second value comprises a threshold value indicating a maximum rate of communication for said channel desired by the first entity.
- 20. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 17, wherein one or
   more of said first value and said second value comprise a threshold value indicating a minimum rate of communication for said channel desired by the first entity.
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 20, further comprising at said 2 switching element:
- detecting said threshold value indicating said minimum rate of communication;

  4 and
  tearing down said channel.
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein one or more of said first
   value and said second value comprises a time period representing a delay between
   transmission of successive communications over said first channel from said first entity;
- 4 and

wherein said rate of communication indicated by said time period is substantially equal to the inverse of said time period.

- 23. Cancelled
- 24. Cancelled
- 25. Cancelled
- 26. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said altering comprises setting said first value to a threshold value indicating a minimum rate of communication.
- 27. (Original) The method of claim 26, further comprising at said first entity after said communicating:
- ceasing transmission of communications to said second entity over said first channel.
- 28. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said first value is a time period between successive electronic communication transmissions from said first entity on said first channel.
- 29. (Original) The method of claim 28, wherein said target rate of communication is substantially equal to the inverse of said first value.
- 30. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said first value is a measure of bandwidth.
- 31. (Previously Presented) A computer readable storage medium

  storing instructions that, when executed by a computer, cause the computer to perform a method of dynamically controlling the rate of communication between two entities, the

  method comprising:

	generating at a first entity a first electronic communication for transmission to a					
6	second entity over a first communication channel, wherein said first communication					
includes a first value indicating a target rate of communication for said chann						
8	receiving said first communication at a switching element;					
determining whether a maximum rate of communication of said switchir						
10	0 element has been allocated;					
	if said maximum rate has not been allocated, identifying an available rate of					
12 communication of said switching element by:						
	(a) receiving a communication prior to said first communication at					
14	said switching element, on a channel other than said first channel;					
	(b) allocating a portion of the maximum rate of communication of said					
16	switching element to said other channel;					
	(c) repeating said steps (a) - (b) for a predetermined period of time;					
18	(d) summing said rates of communication allocated to said other					
	channels to determine a total allocated rate of communication; and					
20	(e) determining the difference between the maximum rate of					
	communication and said total allocated rate of communication;					
22	if said switching element cannot provide said target rate of communication,					
	altering said first value to indicate a lower target rate of communication for said first					
24	channel;					
	receiving said first communication at said second entity; and					
26	communicating said first value to said first entity.					
	32. (Previously Presented) A method of controlling a network					
2	communication rate, the method comprising:					
receiving at a downstream intermediate node a fixed value representing a						
4	rate of communication for a channel between a first network node and a second network					
	node, and a modifiable value representing a target rate of communication allocated to the					
6 channel by an upstream intermediate node, wherein said desired rate is never les						
	said target rate;					

at the downstream intermediate node, allocating to the channel a rate of

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communication higher than the target rate of communication if the downstream intermediate node has sufficient available bandwidth; and

if the downstream intermediate node does not have sufficient available bandwidth
to conduct communications on the channel at a rate greater than or equal to said target
rate, adjusting said modifiable value such that the intermediate node can conduct
communications on the channel at an adjusted rate represented by said adjusted

modifiable value.

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- 33. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 32, wherein each said value corresponds to a time between communications transmitted from the first network node toward the second network node.
- 34. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 33, wherein said adjusting comprises increasing said time between communications.
- 35. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 32, wherein if said modifiable value is adjusted to a first threshold value, the first network node stops sending communications toward the second network node through the channel.
- 36. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 32, wherein if said
  modifiable value received at the downstream intermediate node is adjusted to a second threshold value, the first network node sends communications toward the second network
  node through the channel at a maximum rate.
- 37. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 32, further comprising:
  notifying the first network node of said adjusted modifiable value;
  wherein the first network node then transmits communications toward the second
  network node through the channel at said adjusted rate.
  - 38. Cancelled

## 39. Cancelled

- 40. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 32, wherein the downstream intermediate node is InfiniBand compliant.
- 41. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 32, wherein the downstream intermediate node is a switch.
- 42. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 32, wherein the downstream intermediate node is a router.
- 43. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 32, wherein the downstream intermediate node is a hub.
- 44. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 32, wherein the downstream intermediate node is a bridge.
- 45. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 32, wherein the downstream intermediate node is a repeater.
- 46. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 32, wherein the downstream intermediate node is a network adapter.
- 47. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 32, wherein the downstream intermediate node is a computer.
- 48. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 32, wherein the downstream intermediate node is a communication bus.
- 49. (Previously Presented) A computer readable storage medium
  2 storing instructions that, when executed by a computer, cause the computer to perform a

method of controlling a network communication rate, the method comprising:

- 4 receiving at a downstream intermediate node a fixed value representing a desired rate of communication for a channel between a first network node and a second network
- 6 node, and a modifiable value representing a target rate of communication allocated to the channel by an upstream intermediate node, wherein said desired rate is never less than
- 8 said target rate;

at the downstream intermediate node, allocating to the channel a rate of communication higher than the target rate of communication if the downstream intermediate node has sufficient available bandwidth; and

- if the downstream intermediate node does not have sufficient available bandwidth to conduct communications on the channel at a rate greater than or equal to said target
- rate, adjusting said modifiable value such that the intermediate node can conduct communications on the channel at an adjusted rate represented by said adjusted modifiable value.
  - 50. Cancelled
    - 51. Cancelled
    - 52. Cancelled
    - 53. Cancelled
    - 54. Cancelled
    - 55. Cancelled
    - 56. Cancelled
- 57. (Previously Presented) An apparatus for dynamically adjusting the rate of communications between a first entity and a second entity on a channel,

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- a communication port configured to forward a communication received from a first entity toward a second entity on a communication channel;
- a first memory configured to store said communication;
  - a second memory configured to store a target bandwidth for said channel, wherein
- 8 said target bandwidth is indicated by a modifiable first value in said communication;
  - a third memory configured to store a requested bandwidth for said channel,
- wherein said requested bandwidth is indicated by a fixed second value in said communication and is never less than said target bandwidth;
- a comparator configured to compare one or more of said target bandwidth and said requested bandwidth to an available bandwidth for said port; and
- 14 a processor configured to:
- allocate to said channel a bandwidth equal to or greater than said target

  bandwidth, up to said requested bandwidth, if the available bandwidth is

  sufficient; and
- adjust said first value to indicate a different target bandwidth if the available bandwidth is insufficient to allow a bandwidth equal to or greater than said target bandwidth to be allocated to said channel;
- wherein said target bandwidth indicated by said first value received in said communication is the bandwidth allocated to said channel upstream of said port.
  - 58. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 57, further comprising an extractor configured to extract said first value and said second value from said communication.
  - 59. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 58, wherein each of said first value and said second value comprises a time period representing a delay between communication transmissions from said first entity toward said second entity on said channel, the apparatus further comprising:

an inverter configured to invert said time period.

- 60. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 59, further
- 2 comprising:

an adder configured to add said target bandwidth indicated by said first value of

- 4 said communication to a target bandwidth indicated by a value within a previous communication on a different channel to calculate a total bandwidth allocated by said
- 6 port.

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- 61. (Original) The apparatus of claim 60, wherein said available
- 2 bandwidth is substantially equal to a maximum bandwidth of said port minus said total allocated bandwidth.

## 62. Cancelled

63. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 57, wherein said processor is configured to adjust said first value to indicate a lower target bandwidth if said apparatus is unable to provide said target bandwidth or a higher bandwidth.

## 64. Cancelled

- 65. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said modifying comprises replacing said modifiable first value with a modified first value associated with a lower target bandwidth, the method further comprising:
- at said relay element, allocating the lower target bandwidth to said first channel;
- at another relay element downstream of said relay element:
  - receiving said electronic communication containing said modified first value and said fixed second value; and
- allocating to said first channel a bandwidth higher than the lower target bandwidth.